

Production model of Airlander 10 will be sleeker and more efficient We've been following the story of the Airlander 10 airship [since 2010](#)

, back when it was being developed for the US Army. It's now aimed at civilian use, with information on the planned production version of the aircraft having just been released.

As compared to the current functioning prototype, the new model will have a sleeker, more aerodynamic hull. This design update is based on both wind tunnel testing and computer modelling, along with data gathered during test flights of the prototype. Its changed shape is particularly visible in the form of a rounder nose, and a new tail section.

The cabin will also be more aerodynamic, plus it will be longer. The latter is made possible due to the fact that components such as the fuel module, which are currently slung below the prototype's hull, are being moved up *into* the hull. As a result, the cabin can now be up to 46 meters long by 6 m wide (151 by 20 ft). In that configuration, it offers 2,100 sq ft (195 sq m) of floor space, not including the flight deck.

Hybrid Air Vehicles, the UK company that is adapting the original technology for civilian use, previously [released images](#) of what a deluxe tourist-carrying version of that cabin might look like.

Other changes include the addition of a bow thruster for better maneuverability during ground handling, along with a move from non-retractable to retractable landing gear. Additionally, whereas the prototype's two front rotatable propulsors are currently ducted, they will be unducted on the production model. This should not only reduce weight, but also improve their ability to generate directional thrust.

Modelul de producție al Airlander 10 va fi mai elegant și mai eficient

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The world's largest blimp, the Airlander 10, is set to be built in a new, more efficient and elegant design. The new design is a hybrid of a blimp and a ship, with a teardrop-shaped hull and a flat bottom. It is designed to be able to land on water, and it is expected to be able to fly at a speed of up to 100 miles per hour. The new design is expected to be built in 2021, and it is expected to be the largest blimp ever built.